

# <u>Lumbar/Thoracic Spine Post-Operative Instructions:</u>

# • Follow up Appointment:

o Call the office to confirm your 2-week follow-up appointment.

## • Medications and Pain Management:

- o Pain
  - Take your pain medications as instructed so you do not run out early.
  - Expect to have some discomfort. The medication is to control moderate to severe pain.
  - Check with your doctor before you take any non-steroidal anti-inflammatory medications such as Motrin, Advil, Ibuprofen, or Naproxen as they may delay your healing.
  - Muscle relaxers and pain medications can be taken together.
  - You may take over-the-counter Tylenol to supplement unless contraindicated due to allergies or other health conditions.
- Blood Thinners
  - Check with your surgeon before restarting blood thinners such as Coumadin,
    Plavix, Heparin, Arixtra, Lovenox, Pradaxa, Xarelto or Aspirin.
- Home Medications
  - Resume your other home medications as instructed by your physician.
- Ice Therapy
  - Use ice packs up to 20 minutes per hour to reduce pain. Avoid placing them directly on your skin or incision site.
    - Caution: extended time using ice packs can cause frost bite.
- Heat Therapy
  - Heat can help with muscle tightness or spasms.
    - Caution: do not apply a heating pad directly over your incision site.

#### Wound Care:

- o Your incision may have been closed using sutures, staples, glue, or strips of tape.
  - If you have sutures or staples, they will need to be removed 2 weeks after surgery.
  - Do not remove the strips of tape or glue. Allow them to fall off on their own.
- Remove any gauze dressing 2 days after surgery. Apply dressing over the incision only if instructed during discharge (for comfort or slight drainage).
- Showering/Bathing
  - If your incision was closed with skin glue, you may shower the same day.
  - If your incision was closed with sutures or staples, you may shower 2 days after your surgery (unless your surgeon has placed a silver dressing over your incision).
  - Use mild soap.
  - Do not scrub your incision, pat it dry after your shower.



- Do not take baths until cleared by your surgeon.
- Look at your incision daily to check for swelling, redness, and drainage.
  - Call your surgeon if you notice an increasing amount of redness, swelling,
- o If you have a silver dressing over your incision, keep it in place for two weeks or until the first follow-up visit with your surgeon.
  - If it begins to fall off, you may remove it and follow the instructions above.
- o Keep the wound out of direct sunlight.
- o Do not use lotions or ointments at incision site until cleared by your surgeon's office.

### Activity:

- Sleeping
  - Sleep in whatever position you are most comfortable.
- Driving
  - Do not drive until you are comfortable and no longer taking pain prescription medications.
- Swimming
  - No swimming, hot tubs, or any other recreational sport activity until cleared by your physician.
- > Exercise
  - Do not lift anything heavier than 10 pounds (gallon of milk) until you have been cleared at your two-week post-operative appointment.
  - Start a daily walking regimen. Begin with frequent, short walks each day in the first week and increase as tolerated.
  - Physical Therapy is typically prescribed at your 6-week post-op appointment.
  - Limit sitting to 30-45 minutes at a time and increase gradually if tolerated.
  - Rest and take naps throughout the day if you are tired.
  - Continue to use assistive devices you were given for home use such as a walker, cane or brace.
  - Sexual activity may be resumed when you are comfortable.
- Travel
  - Check with your physician if you plan to travel. You may need to stay close to the hospital for the immediate post-operative period.
- Return to work
  - Work with your physician to come up with an individualized return to work plan. Each patient recovers at their own pace.
- Smoking
  - Please do not smoke or use tobacco products as it can severely impact and delay healing.



#### Home Care:

- o Remove throw rugs, electrical cords, and anything else that may cause you to fall.
- Arrange your household to keep items within your reach.

#### Diet:

- o Do not take medication on an empty stomach to avoid nausea.
- Drink plenty of water to stay hydrated.
- o Increase your daily intake of fiber to avoid constipation.
- Do not drink alcohol after surgery as it can cause bleeding problems and can interact with medications.

### • Bowel function:

- o Pain medications can cause constipation.
- Use over-the-counter medications daily to help prevent this:
  - Stool softeners (Colace)
  - Laxatives (Senokot)
  - Colace and Senokot are also available as a 2 in 1 combination tablet known as Senna-S or Senna-Plus







- o If you have not had a bowel movement by the third day at home, you may try:
  - Fleet enema
  - Magnesium citrate tablets or liquid
  - Mag 07
  - Miralax











- o These medications are typically available at CVS, Walgreens, Walmart, or Amazon.
- o If you have no result, call your surgeon's office for further instructions.



\*\*\*Call 911 right away if you have chest pain or shortness of breath.

- Symptoms and problems to look out for:
  - o Call your surgeon immediately if you are experiencing:
    - Severe pain not relieved by the medication
    - Fever greater than 101°F
    - Increased redness, pain, swelling, or drainage from the incision
    - Increased weakness
    - Severe headache
    - Difficulty with urination, loss of control urinating or having a bowel movement, or numbness/ decreased sensation in your pubic region
    - Foot, ankle, or calf swelling not relieved by elevating your legs
  - If you have urgent questions or concerns after discharge, please contact your surgeon's office.